TABLE 16.1 Characteristic, Function, Manifestation and Proximate Cause of Twenty-Eight Kinds of Materiality

Key:

C = characteristic

F = function

M = manifestation

P = proximate cause

REAL OR CONCRETE MATERIALITIES (18)

- 1. Earth element—pathavīdhātu
 - C: hardness, roughness, heaviness, softness, smoothness, lightness
 - F: to act as a foundation for the other coexisting primary elements and derived materialities in the same kalāpa
 - M: as receiving coexisting materialities in the same kalāpa
 - P: the other three primary elements in the same kalāpa (water, fire and wind)
- 2. Water element—āpodhātu
 - C: flowing, trickling or oozing
 - F: to intensify the coexisting materialities in the same kalāpa
 - M: as the holding together or cohesion of material phenomena in the same kalāpa
 - P: the other three primary elements in the same kalāpa (earth, fire and wind)
- 3. Fire element—tejodhātu
 - C: heat (a deficiency of heat is referred to as cold)
 - F: to mature, maintain, or ripen other material phenomena in the same kalāpa
 - M: as a continuous supply of softness, pliancy
 - P: the other three primary elements in the same kalāpa (earth, water and wind)
- 4. Wind element—vāyodhātu
 - C: supporting the coexisting material phenomena in the same kalāpa
 - F: movement in the other material phenomena (pushing)
 - M: propulsion; the cause for the successive arising of other rūpa kalāpas in locations nearby, thereby creating the appearance of movement or change
 - P: the other three primary elements in the same kalāpa (earth, water and fire)

5. Eye-sensitive element—cakkhupasāda

- the sensitivity of primary elements in the same kalāpa that is ready for the impact of visible data brought through the impingement of an object; or the sensitivity of primary elements in the same kalāpa produced by kamma and springing from craving to see
- F: to pull the mind to a visible object
- M: as the base for eye-consciousness and mental factors associated with it
- P: the primary elements in the same kalāpa produced by kamma, springing from craving to see

6. Ear-sensitive element—sotapasāda

- C: the sensitivity of primary elements in the same kalāpa that is ready for the impact of sounds; or the sensitivity of primary elements in the same kalāpa produced by kamma and springing from craving to hear
- F: to pull the mind to sounds
- M: as the base of ear-consciousness and mental factors associated with it
- P: the primary elements in the same kalāpa produced by kamma and springing from craving to hear

7. Nose-sensitive element—ghānapasāda

- C: the sensitivity of primary elements in the same kalāpa that is ready for the impact of odors; or the sensitivity of primary elements in the same kalāpa produced by kamma and springing from craving to smell
- F: to pull the mind to the odors
- M: as the base of nose-consciousness and mental factors associated with it
- P: primary elements in the same kalāpa produced by kamma and springing from craving to smell

8. Tongue-sensitive element—jivhāpasāda

- C: the sensitivity of primary elements in the same kalāpa that is ready for the impact of flavors; or the sensitivity of primary elements in the same kalāpa produced by kamma and springing from craving to taste
- F: to pull the mind to the flavors
- M: as the base of tongue-consciousness and mental factors associated with it
- P: primary elements in the same kalāpa produced by kamma and springing from craving to taste

9. Body-sensitive element—kāyapasāda

- C: the sensitivity of primary elements in the same kalāpa that is ready for the impact of tangible data; or the sensitivity of primary elements in the same kalāpa produced by kamma and springing from craving to touch
- F: to pull the mind to the tangible object
- M: as the base of body-consciousness and mental factors associated with it
- P: primary elements in the same kalāpa produced by kamma and springing from craving to touch

- 10. Color, visible data, visible object—vanna
 - C: impinging on the eye-sensitive element
 - F: to be the object of eye-consciousness and mental factors associated with it
 - M: as the resort of eye-consciousness and mental factors associated with it
 - P: the four primary elements in the same kalāpa

11. Sound—sadda

- C: impinging on the ear-sensitive element
- F: to be the object of ear-consciousness and mental factors associated with it
- M: as the resort of ear-consciousness
- P: the four primary elements in the same kalāpa

12. Odor-gandha

- C: impinging on the nose-sensitive element
- F: to be the object of nose-consciousness and mental factors associated with it
- M: as the resort of nose-consciousness
- P: the four primary elements in the same kalāpa

13. Flavor—rasa

- C: impinging on the tongue-sensitive element
- F: to be the object of tongue-consciousness and mental factors associated with it
- M: as the resort of tongue-consciousness
- P: the four primary elements in the same kalāpa

14. Femininity faculty—itthibhāva indriya

- C: the female sex
- F: to show that "this is female"
- M: as the marks, signs, features, and ways of the female
- P: the four primary elements in the same kalāpa

15. Masculinity faculty—purisabhāva indriya

- C: the male sex
- F: to show that "this is male"
- M: as the marks, signs, features, and ways of the male
- P: the four primary elements in the same kalāpa

16. Life faculty—jīvitindriya

- C: maintaining the material phenomena in the same kalāpa at the moment of their presence
- F: to make the associated materialities occur from arising until passing away
- M: establishing of their presence
- P: the four primary elements that are maintained in the same kalāpa

- 17. Heart materiality—hadayarūpa
 - C: being the material support for mind-consciousness
 - F: to be the base for mind-consciousness
 - M: carrying the elements associated with the heart decad kalāpa
 - P: the four primary elements in the same kalāpa
- 18. Nutriment materiality—ojārūpa
 - C: nutritive essence; the nutritional substance contained in gross edible food
 - F: to sustain the physical body and nourish matter
 - M: as the fortifying of the body
 - P: gross edible food

UNREAL OR NONCONCRETE MATERIALITIES (10)

- 19. Space-element—ākāsadhātu
 - C: delimiting matter
 - F: to display the boundaries of material kalāpas
 - M: as the border of material kalāpas; or as gaps and apertures
 - P: the material kalāpas delimited
- 20. Bodily intimation—*kāyaviññatti*
 - C: the mode and alteration in the consciousness-produced wind element of the four primary elements that causes the occurrence of moving forward, moving backwards, reaching, bending, wiggling, etc.; bodily intimation (as a mode of the wind element) is a condition for the stiffening, upholding, and moving of the material body
 - F: to display intention
 - M: as the cause of bodily excitement or movement
 - P: the consciousness-produced wind element
 - NOTE: For example, walking forward displays the intention of traveling in a forward direction, pointing of a finger displays a directional intention, nodding of the head displays an affirmative response.
- 21. Verbal intimation—vacaviññatti
 - C: the mode and alteration in the consciousness-produced earth element that causes speech utterances; the knocking together of matter in the vocal apparatus
 - F: to display intention
 - M: as the cause of vocalization and verbal expression
 - P: the consciousness-produced earth element
- 22. Lightness of materiality—rūpassa lahutā
 - C: nonsluggishness of real materiality that is produced by consciousness, temperature or nutritive essence
 - F: to dispel heaviness of those three types of materiality
 - M: as lightness and transformability
 - P: those three types of light materiality

- 23. Malleability of materiality—rūpassa mudutā
 - C: nonrigidity of real materiality produced by consciousness, temperature or nutritive essence
 - F: to dispel stiffness or rigidity of those three types of materiality
 - M: as nonresistance to action
 - P: those three types of malleable materiality
- 24. Workability of materiality—rūpassa kammaññatā
 - C: wieldiness of real materiality produced by consciousness, temperature and nutritive essence; conducive to bodily action
 - F: to dispel unwieldiness
 - M: as nonweakness of materiality
 - P: those three types of wieldy materiality
- 25. Production of real materiality—rūpassa upacaya
 - C: setting up, emerging, or growth of matter such as in the first stage of fetal formation until the physical faculties are developed
 - F: to make matter emerge in the first instance or for the first time
 - M: as launching; or as the completed state of the real materiality
 - P: produced materiality
- 26. Continuity of real materiality—rūpassa santati
 - C: occurrence beginning from the developed state of the faculties
 - F: to anchor
 - M: as noninterruption
 - P: materiality that is to be anchored
- 27. Aging of real materiality—rūpassa jaratā
 - C: the maturing, aging, or ripening of material phenomena
 - F: to lead matter towards its termination
 - M: as destruction and fall; as loss of newness without loss of being
 - P: materiality that is maturing, decaying, or ripening
- 28. Impermanence of real materiality—rūpassa aniccatā
 - C: complete breaking up of material phenomena
 - F: to make materialities subside
 - M: as destruction and falling away
 - P: materiality that is completely breaking up